

# **Guidelines for Authors**

Thank you for choosing to submit your manuscript to Science Letters. These instructions will ensure your article to move through peer review, production and publication smoothly.

### **Editorial policy**

The submitted articles/materials must not be under consideration for publication anywhere else and abide by the publication and experimentation ethics described below. All received articles are subjected to a double-blind peer-review process. Peer-review is defined as obtaining advice on individual manuscripts from reviewers' expert in the field. The editorial board sends articles to at least two potential reviewers and the Editor-in-Chief approves articles on the advice of those reviewers. After the acceptance of an article, a copyright agreement / license to publish form is sent to the corresponding author(s). After receiving the signed copyright agreement / license to publish form, an uncorrected proof of manuscript is sent to the corresponding author(s) for final checking. The full article is published open access online immediately after receiving the corrected proof of manuscript from the corresponding author(s). Science Letters publishes three issues per year and their execution time is April, August and December, respectively, each year. Editorial board takes reasonable responsive measures when ethical complaints (such as multiple submissions, bogus claims of authorship, plagiarism, fraudulent use of data or the like) are presented concerning a submitted manuscript or published article.

Submission should be made through the online submission system of the journal (Submit Online).

### **Ethics of experimentation**

It is assumed that the submitted work has been conducted in accordance with the biological welfare laws acceptable worldwide and/or laws of the country where the work was undertaken; however, the journal management has the right to reject any manuscript where there is enough reason to believe that necessary laws and procedures have not been followed. All manuscripts which report *in vivo* experiments or clinical trials on humans or animals must include a written statement in the Materials and Methods section, that such work was conducted with the formal approval of the local human subject (patient or relatives/guardians if the patient is dead) or with the formal permission of animal care committees, and that clinical trials have been registered as the legislation requires.

If required, Authors must confirm that all mandatory laboratory health and safety procedures have been complied within the course of conducting any experimental work reported in the manuscript; and that the manuscript contains all appropriate warnings and safety precautions concerning any specific and particular hazards that may be involved in carrying out experiments or procedures described in the manuscript or involved in instructions, materials, or formulae in the manuscript.

The gene sequences should be submitted in a public database (GenBank, EMBL, or DDBJ) and their accession number must be mentioned in the text.

## **Plagiarism Detection**

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To ensure the objectivity and transparency in research and principles of ethical and professional conduct, authors must certify that they have or have no affiliation with or involvement in any organization or entity with any non-financial interest (such as personal or professional relationships, knowledge) and financial interest (such as educational grants; honoraria; employment, consultancies, or other equity interest; and patent-licensing, including patents and copyrights, whether pending, issued, licensed and/or receiving royalties) in the subject matter or materials discussed in this manuscript. The source of funding and conflict of interest statement must be included in the manuscript at the end of the manuscript before the references section. Patent information should only be included in any. The names of funding organizations should be written in full; abbreviations should be avoided. See below examples of disclosures:

**Funding**: This study was funded by X (grant number X).

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Sciences Letters, a peer-reviewed international journal, publishes original research papers, review articles, short communications, case studies, data analysis, letters and research methodologies.

### 1. Original Research Articles

Regular research articles should be as concise as possible (there is no limit of article pages). The submitted articles should be divided into the following sections:

**Abstract** of approximately 200-300 words describing clearly, but briefly about the background, methodology, results, and conclusion.

**Keywords** (3 - 6) should also be indicated at the end of the abstract.

**Introduction** stating clearly the purpose of work done with some review of the literature.

**Materials and Methods** 

Results

**Discussion / Results and Discussion** section can be combined if necessary.

**Acknowledgments / Funding** 

**Conflict of Interest** 

References

**Tables and figures** must be arranged at the end of the manuscript.

# 2. Short Communications

Short communications should be concise containing about 3 pages of the Journal, (9 pages of word document with double space, including illustrations, tables and references). An abstract of 150 - 200 words should be included. The short communication may or may not include any heading or sub-heading. If a heading is not used then only abstract should be separated from the rest of write-up. The total number of references should not exceed more than twenty.

## 3. Data Analysis

Data analysis should be as concise as possible (there is no limit to article pages). Data analysis may or may not include headings and sub-headings. If any heading is not used then only the abstract should be separated from the rest of the write-up.

## 4. Reviews / Mini-reviews

Review and Mini-review articles are also welcomed. The authors should have a background of the work and are encouraged to consult the editor in advance before submission. References to the books should be avoided in writing the review articles. The article must include Abstract, Introduction and appropriate headings in the text and Conclusion. For review articles, there is no limit of article pages, but for Mini-reviews, text should not have more than 2500 words excluding tables and figures.

It is the responsibility of the authors to ensure that about 40 - 60% of the references should be within five years of relevant work for each form of publication and the submitted manuscripts comply with journal format.

#### 5. Case studies

Case studies should be concise containing about 3-4 pages of the Journal, (9 pages of word document with double space, including illustrations, tables and references). An abstract of 100 - 150 words should be included. Case studies may or may not include any heading or sub-heading. If a heading is not used then only abstract should be separated from the rest of write-up. The total number of references should not exceed more than twenty.

#### 6. Letters to Editor

Letters to the Editor should focus on the aspect(s) of general concern to different science fields and should not exceed 4 double-spaced typed pages including 5-10 references. Examples of topics for such letters include solutions to long-standing problems, analysis of significant contradictions, responses to a hypothesis, or other letters to the editors published in Science Letters.

# **Title Page and Text Formatting**

All submitted manuscripts should have a **Title Page** including a concise and informative title, the name(s) of the author(s) in the order of appearance in the manuscript, the affiliation(s) and address(es) of the author(s). The e-mail address, telephone and fax numbers of the corresponding author and additional author note if any.

The manuscript written and submitted in Word (2003-2010) is acceptable. The lines should be numbered and use normal, plain font (e.g., 10-point Times Roman) for text. Automatic page numbering (bottom right) should be used to number the pages in manuscript. The field functions should be avoided and for indent, use tab stops or other commands, not the space bar. The equation editor or Math-Type should be used for equations. The title, headings and subheading should be written in bold sentence case (not in UPPER CASE).

## **Symbols and Abbreviations**

With respect to symbols in the manuscript, System International (SI) should be used. Abbreviations should be defined at first mention and used consistently thereafter.

## **Statistical Analysis**

Appropriate statistical treatment of the data is essential. When the statistical analysis is performed, the name of the statistical test used, the number for each analysis, the comparisons of interest, the alpha level and the actual p-value for each test should be provided.

## **Acknowledgments**

Acknowledgments of people involved, national or international grants and/or funds, etc. should be placed in a separate section (both in a regular article and short communications) before the reference list.

## **Source of Funding and Conflict of Interest**

The source of funding and conflict of interest statement must be included in the manuscript at the end of the manuscript before the References section. The funding source can also be mentioned in the Acknowledgement section. For more details, please read the section "Statement for Competing Interest / Conflict of Interest / Intellectual Property Right".

## References

In the text, the references should be cited as numbers with brackets at the end of the sentence or after the first author's name before the full stop. For example; similar results were reported earlier [1]. or [1, 2]. or [1-3]. The results reported by Raza et al. [12] indicate that ...... The typescript should be carefully checked to ensure that the spelling of the author's name is exactly the same as mentioned in the reference list. All the references cited in the text should be written at the end of manuscript as cited in the text, not alphabetically. In the end, references should be written as follow:

## Reference to a journal publication:

[1] Van der Geer J, Hanraads JAJ, Lupton RA. The art of writing a scientific article. J Sci Commun 2010; 163:51-9.

#### Reference to a book:

[2] Strunk Jr W, White EB. The elements of style. 4th ed. New York: Longman; 2000.

## Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

[3] Mettam GR, Adams LB. How to prepare an electronic version of your article. In: Jones BS, Smith RZ, editors. Introduction to the electronic age, New York: E-Publishing Inc; 2009, p. 281-304.

## Reference for proceedings

[4] Lowe KF, Hamilton BA. Dairy pastures in the Australian tropics and subtropics. In: Murtagh GT, Jones RM, editors. Proceedings of the 3rd Australian conference on tropical pastures, Rockhampton, 1986, p. 68-79.

Note: If there are more than 6 authors then the first 6 should be listed followed by 'et al.'

#### **Tables**

Tables should be made by using the table function of MS office word, not spreadsheets. The Tables caption should begin with the label "**Table 1**" right above the Table having a brief description. Tables should always be cited in the text in consecutive numerical order. Footnotes to tables should be indicated by superscript lowercase letters and included beneath the table body. Vertical lines should not be used.

## **Figures**

The figure legends should begin with the label "Fig. 1" right below the figure having a brief description. Figure parts should be indicated with capital letters (A). Figures should always be cited in text in consecutive numerical order and borders around figures should not be used.

# **Supplementary Materials**

This section includes the text of the Supplementary Materials, which can include figures, tables, material and methods part. Supplementary material can be provided in the same manuscript file at the end of the manuscript after tables and figures.

#### **Potential Reviewers**

While online submission, the authors are requested to provide 3 potential relevant reviewers with their complete details (designation, institute, postal address, telephone, fax and official e-mail address). After an initial review by the journal management, the manuscript may be sent to a few of the given reviewers; however, the publication largely depends upon the response of reviewers and the time taken by them in reviewing the manuscript.

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This policy has been designed to address these concerns and to take into account current best practice in the scholarly and library communities. As the standards evolve and change, we will revisit this issue and welcome the input of scholarly and library communities. We believe these issues require international standards and we will be active in lobbying various information bodies to establish international standards and best practices that the publishing and information industries can adopt.

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